Argos based applications for real time wildlife monitoring in Romania (BioMoveFix)

Florian BODESCU¹, Steluța MANOLACHE², Athanasios GAVRILIDIS^{1,2}, Iulia V. MIU², Marius MATACHE², Cristiana PIOARCĂ-CIOCĂNEA², Cristian MOALE¹, Andreea NIȚĂ², Laurențiu ROZYLOWICZ²

¹Multidimension

²University of Bucharest, Centre for Environmental Research and Impact Studies

Introduction

Collecting quality data for conservation activities by means of tracking animals is a challenging task (White & Garrott 1990; Turchin 2015), since monitoring transmitters have to be protected from the environment, and animal aggression, must be appropriately sized to the animal monitored, and include a long lasting battery or alternative power source. Communication between devices and remote satellites is dependent on many unknown conditions encountered by the animals and their habitats (e.g. speed, terrain fragmentation). By our study we will develop more appropriate tools for solar PTT Argos devices by providing enhanced statistical tools and improved guidelines whereby these devices will match most wildlife species.

Objectives & Methods BIOMOVEFIX TRL2 TRL3 Collecting experimental PTTs and GPS data using 5 Formulation of specification replicate in 4 geographic locations × 3 terrain for improvement of data filtering for Romania, conditions. We will perform the experiment in static produce an open-source R script for data and mobile conditions. Then, we will assess location filtering, and disseminate the results errors and the performance of existing filters to wildlife scientist for testing and future development (e.g. LS, Kalman, Douglas, IMM). WP1 **Testing the quality of Argos** Develop a blueprint of real-time data in Romania Developing an open-source ► Evaluation of errors and vildlife monitoring in Romania script for filtering data - Static tests filters performance the data obtained from Romania and dissemination of results - Low speed tests - High speed test

Results

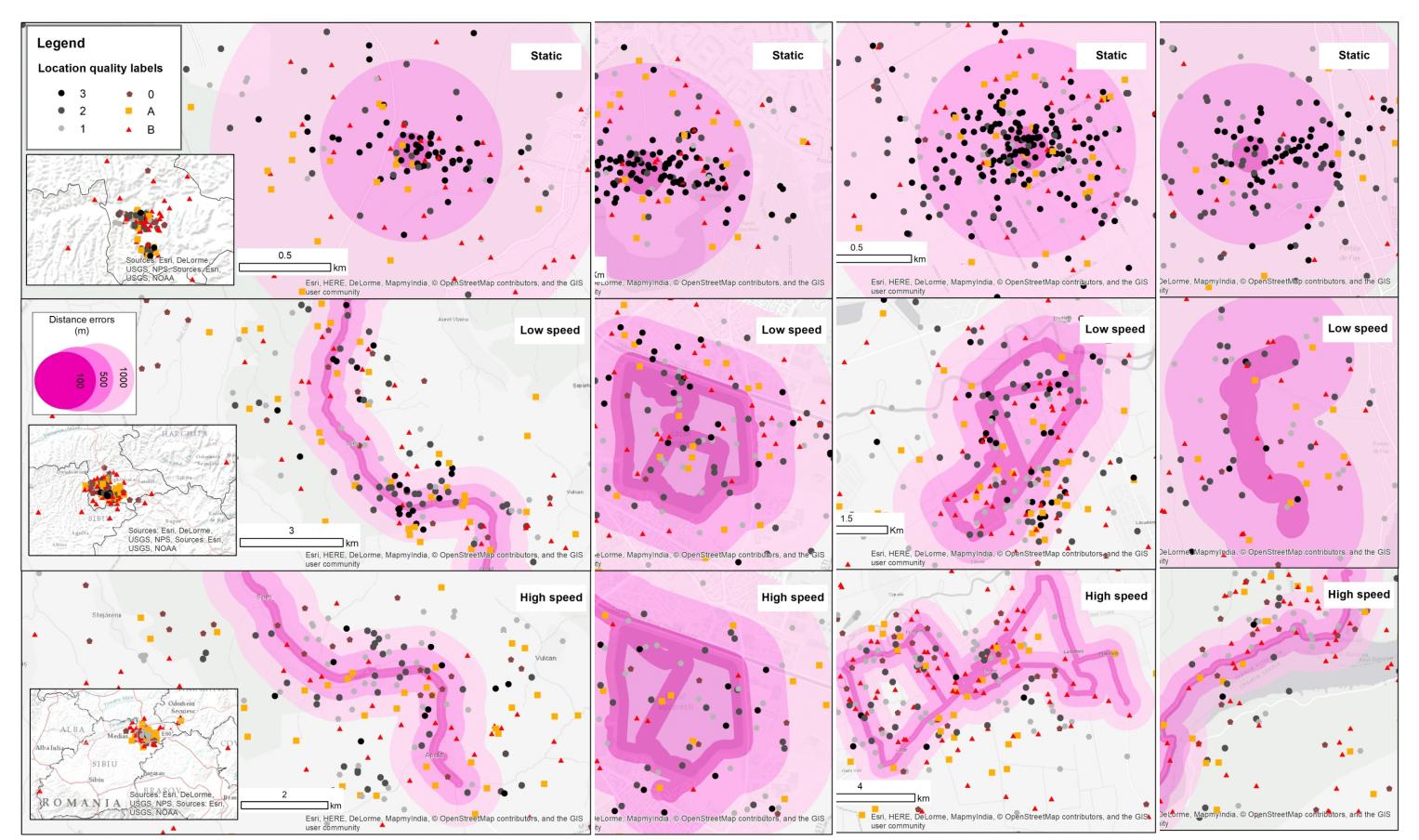


Fig.2 Location errors of Argos tested in static, low speed and high speed

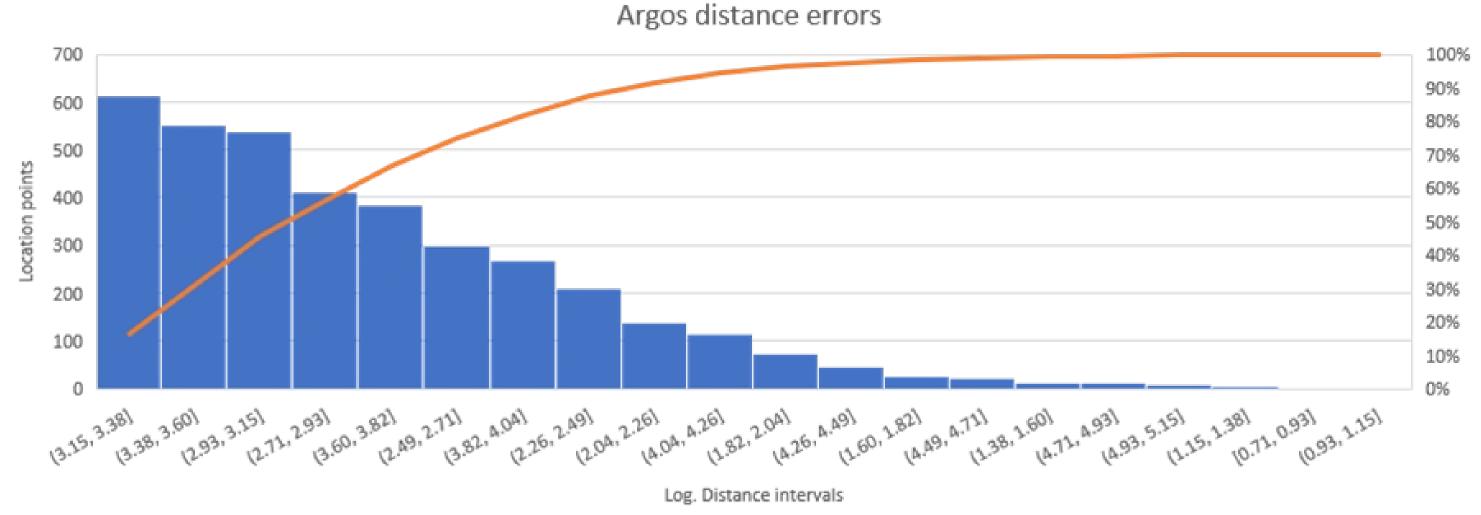
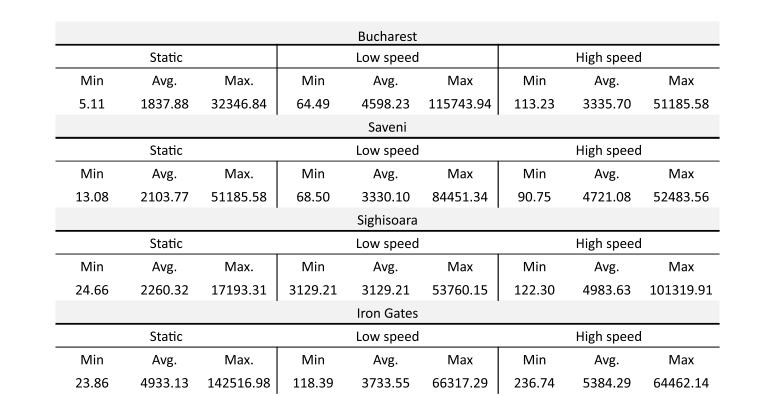


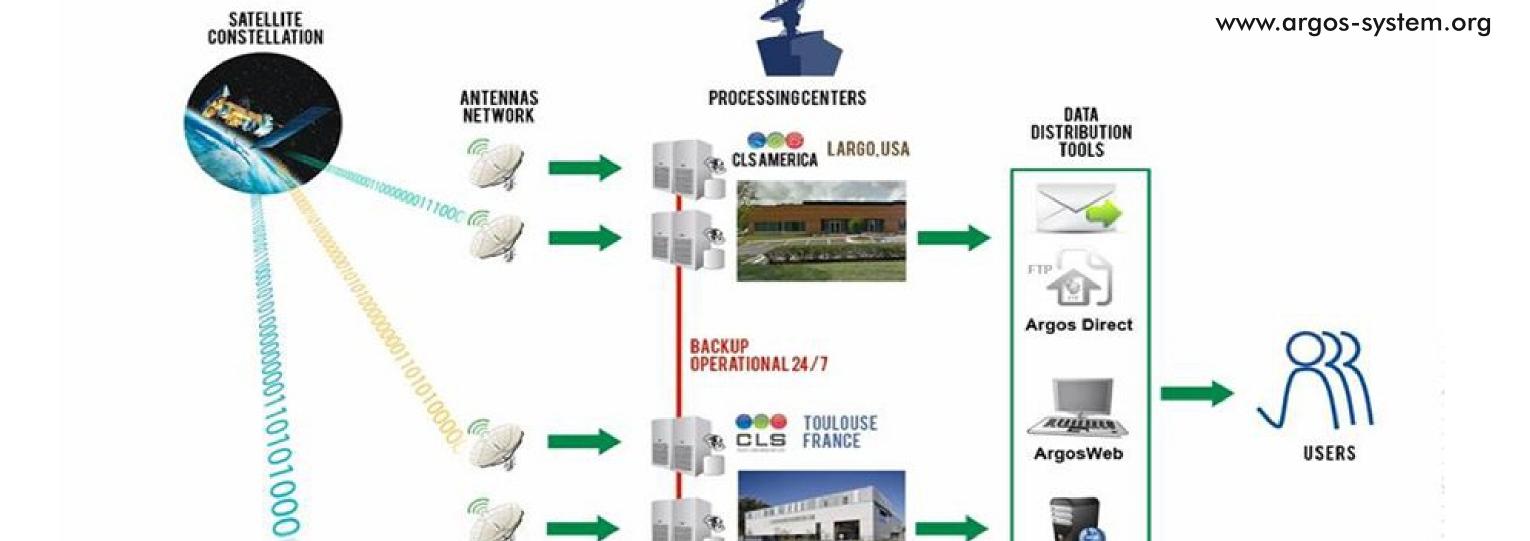
Fig. 4 Argos distance errors by different types of movement and for the individual locations



	Distance Errors (m)		
	Min	Avg.	Max
Static	5.11	2808.573	142517
Low speed	26.50	3779.736	115743.9
High speed	90.75	4550.151	101319.9

References

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- Rozylowicz, L., Popescu, V.D., Patroescu, M. & Chisamera, G. (2011) The potential of large carnivores as conservation surrogates in the Romanian Carpathians. *Biodiversity and Conservation*, 20, 561–579.
- White, G.C. & Garrott, R.A. (1990) Analysis of Wildlife Radio-Tracking Data. Academic Press.



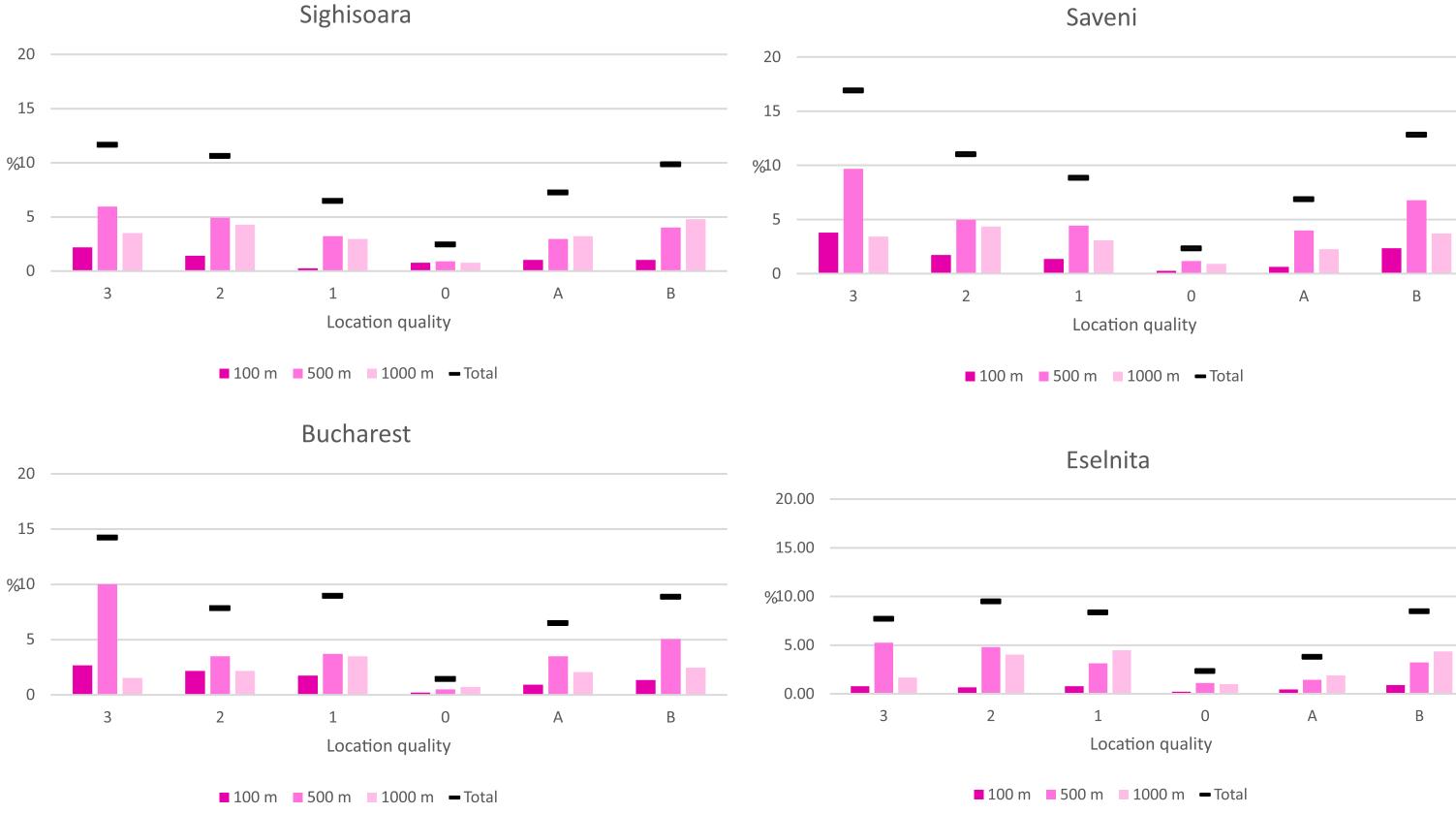
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TOULOUSE, FRANCE

Web Services

Argos Server

How the ARGOS system works



ARGOS TRANSMITTER

Fig. 3 Argos location categories obtained for the 4 geographic locations & 3 terrain conditions in Romania

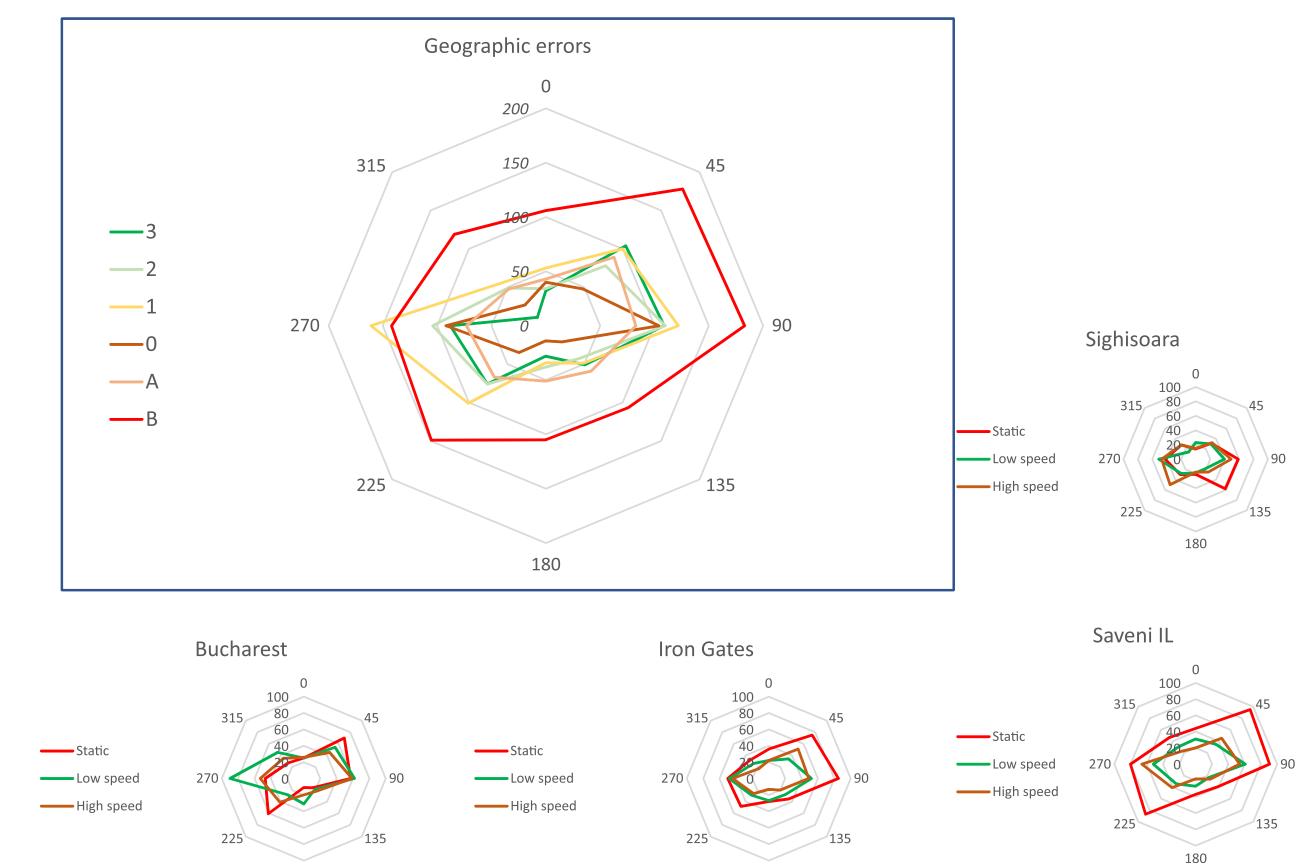


Fig. 5 Radial histogram of geographic errors by types of location class and for each site

Conclusions

- Using Argos to track individuals can reveal behaviour patterns that could be extrapolated to the entire species, thus, improving the conservation measures for the monitored species and its habitat.
- Testing the location accuracy of Argos data in Romania helps developing a suited filter for Argos locations, being useful for species monitoring in the future.
- This research could develop future studies in the field of movement ecology, enhancing the need of collaboration among different experts teams in regard of habitat and species. conservation.





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